Namo:	Cash Buc		vic 5		Rudget Period 1 / 6 /	2022 to 21	/ 5 /	2024
Name: Farm Details:	South Waikato, Ow 134900 kgl		ys 5 290 cows	73.0 ha	_ Budget Period _1 / _6 / _ 465 kgMS/cow	2023 to 31 1848 kgMS/ha	<u> </u>	
					-	\$/kgMS		
Income Net Milk Inco	me Share	of milk chequ	e received	100%	\$ Total	\$/KgIWIS	\$/cow	\$/ha
Milk Solids	advance 134,	•			\$1,064,170	\$7.89	\$3,670	\$14,578
Milk Solids re		kgMS x		/kgMS /kgMs	\$1,004,170	ψ1.09	<i>4</i> 3,070	ψ14,570
Milk Solids	dividend 129,				\$25,800	\$0.19	\$89	\$353
Other Milk Ind				/onlaro		φ0.10	<b>400</b>	4000
	VY enter as negative number				-\$4,860	-\$0.04	-\$17	-\$67
	stock sales (calves -	-	purchases)		\$49,600	\$0.37	\$171	\$679
	OME e.g. farm cottage rent,			ina	\$14,040	\$0.10	\$48	\$192
Line: daily into	signalin oollage felil,						ψισ	<b> </b>
Net Dairy Ca	sh Income				\$1,148,750	\$8.52	\$3,961	\$15,73
					· · · · · ·			, .
Expenses					\$ Total	\$/kgMs	\$/cow	\$/ha
Wages					\$204,750	\$1.52	\$706	\$2,80
Animal health					\$10,850	\$0.08	\$37	\$149
Breeding and herd improvement				\$18,630	\$0.14	\$64	\$25	
Farm dairy			\$3,000	\$0.02	\$10	\$4		
Electricity (far	m dairy, water supply	)						
Supplements made (incl. Contractors)			\$8,160	\$0.06	\$28	\$112		
Supplements purchased				\$251,300	\$1.86	\$867	\$3,442	
Calf rearing				\$7,000	\$0.05	\$24	\$96	
Young and dry stock grazing				\$64,300	\$0.48	\$222	\$88 <sup>.</sup>	
Winter cow g	razing							
Run-off lease								
Fertiliser (incl. N)			\$73,450	\$0.54	\$253	\$1,006		
Irrigation								
Regrassing a	nd cropping							
Weed and pe	st							
Vehicles and fuel			\$4,650	\$0.03	\$16	\$64		
R&M (land, buildings, plant, machinery)				\$14,400	\$0.11	\$50	\$19	
Freight and general farm expenses				\$5,540	\$0.04	\$19	\$76	
Administration e.g. accountant, consultant, phone				\$4,000	\$0.03	\$14	\$5	
Insurance				\$7,000	\$0.05	\$24	\$9	
Insurance								
Insurance ACC Rates					\$12,300	\$0.09	\$42	\$16

Cash Surplus / Deficit	\$459,420	\$3.41	\$1,584	\$6,293
Non Cash adjustments				
Value of change in livestock numbers	-\$600	\$0.00	-\$2	-\$8
Labour adjustment	\$3,500	\$0.03	\$12	\$48
Less Feed inventory Adjustment				
Owned support block adjustment				
Depreciation	\$65,000	\$0.48	\$224	\$890
Dairy Gross Farm Revenue	\$1,148,150	\$8.51	\$3,959	\$15,728
Dairy Operating Expenses	\$757,830	\$5.62	\$2,613	\$10,381
Dairy Operating Profit	\$390,320	\$2.89	\$1,346	\$5,347

## Notes for Budget

Net Dairy livestock sales (calves + culls + other - purchases)54 MA cows/Surplus R 2 heifers @819 and 210 bobby calves @ \$26. Cow sales are a mix of culls and surplus in-calf heifers and in milk cows.Other dairy incomeRent for surplus housing on the property.Expenses	ilkers share
Expenses	ilkers share
	ilkers share
	ilkers share
WagesThis is payment to the contract milker and covers remuneration for 1.6 FTE plus some relief milking and allowances for calves reared. This also covers the contract m of shed, power, farm bike and communication costs.	
Animal health Covers teat spray, mastitis treatment, dry cow, teat seal, antibiotics, vaccinations, lameness, metabolic treatments and general vet costs.	
Breeding and herd improvement Heifers mated to start calving a week earlier than mature cows. AB for 5.5 weeks. Budget covers 360 inseminations @ \$14 /straw and \$6.00 per insemination fee. H times per year one milking only. Six bulls will be leased, to use with the heifers and with the herd after AB is finished. Mating goes for 12 weeks.	rd test 4
Farm dairy Contract milker pays for farm dairy costs such as rubberware and detergent. This cost is for milking machine testing and sundry items that are the owners responsible	ility.
Electricity (farm dairy, water supply) Contract milker pays for the farm and shed electricity.	
Supplements made (incl. Contractors) This is pit silage made on the milking platform. The amount varies each year depending on the spring growth. The budget is for 48 t DM pit silage, (12 ha at 4 t DM/l c/kg DM in the stack.	a) at \$0.17
Supplements purchased The budget is for 308 t PKE at \$330/t landed, and approximately 315 t DM of maize silage at \$458/t DM in the stack. Also included is \$12,500 for minerals which are feed. The PKE is not contracted yet but the hope is that the landed price should actually come in around \$310-315/t. There is high expectations that there will be so regarding PKE contracts around fielddays time.	
Calf rearing This covers 3-4 t of meal, shavings for bedding, de-horning and young calf animal health costs. Plan is to rear about 67 replacement heifer calves.	
Young and dry stock grazing Calves leave the farm December 1st as weaners and return to the farm May 1st as in calf heifers. Prices are now \$10.00 per head per week for 67 calves for 22 week for 67 yearling heifers for 52 weeks, (grazing for bulls during mating are included). This includes freight and all animal health including zinc and Plextra charge.	
Winter cow grazing	
Run-off lease	
TThis is net of \$1,320 fertiliser rebates. 65% of the farm is irrigated with effluent. The cost of diesel for running the effluent pump is included here. Over the whole y effluent area gets an additional 90 kg N per ha applied and the non-effluent area gets 120 kg N per ha. Fertiliser applied is urea, PhasedN and sulphur depending on year and the soil conditions. August and September fertiliser and nitrogen for the whole farm is now applied by helicopter, as is the autumn fertiliser for the non-effluent area gets about \$6,500. Contour and soil conditions in the late winter and early spring mean that a much better coverage can be achieved with the helicopter. The non-effluent area is difficult to evenly spread fertiliser using land based spreaders so using a helicopter on this land gives more efficient use of fertiliser.	the time of uent area.

Regrassing and cropping	No regrassing planned for the 2023-24 season.
Weed and pest	Weeds are not a problem.
Vehicles and fuel	Vehicle costs are low as only have to pay for the maintenance and running of one tractor, which was replaced in 2020-21. Feed pad and stacks are near the dairy shed so the tractor is not running very much. The contract milker supplies and pays the running costs for farm bikes.
R&M (land, buildings, plant, machinery)	The dairy shed, feed pad and effluent system are only eight years old and other infrastructure is in good order so R & M is relatively low.
Freight and general farm expenses	Includes bio security levy of \$0.024/kg MS, and some freight.
Administration e.g. accountant, consultant, phone	Covers accountancy, bank charges, and general office costs. This is lower than for an owner operator as the contract milker does a lot of the day to day organising so communication costs for the farm owner are low. Do own GST returns which keeps costs down.
Insurance	This is significantly higher than last season due to insurance company premium price increases. The insurance on just the two farm houses has increased 20%.
ACC	No owner ACC paid.
Rates	As per current rates demand.
Other farm working expenses (not included in any of the above)	
Non Cash adjustments	
Value of change in livestock numbers	Expect to have on hand 31/5/2024, 3 more R 2 heifers, and 3 fewer MA cows. The value of the change in livestock on hand is based on the 2023 IRD NAMV. The total livestock income, (cash and non-cash), of \$0.37/kgMS.
Labour adjustment	This covers about 2 part days per month on farm as well as governance and administration for the business. It equates to 0.1 FTE for the year of unpaid owner input.
Less Feed inventory Adjustment	The amount of supplement taken in to the 2024 winter is likely to be similar to the start of the season, (280 t DM of maize).
Owned support block adjustment	
Depreciation	This is quite high as cowshed, feed pad and effluent systems are only 8 years old. It has been based on 2021-22 Financial statements plus some allowance for additional year's depreciation. No major fixed asset purchase/sales are planned for the 2023-24 season.